

## **Rajasthan Drainage System**

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- 1. Which river is known as the only perennial river in Rajasthan?**
  - A) Luni
  - B) Chambal
  - C) Banas
  - D) Sabarmati
  
- 2. Which is the largest river flowing through Rajasthan?**
  - A) Banas
  - B) Luni
  - C) Chambal
  - D) Mahi
  
- 3. Luni River drains into:**
  - A) Arabian Sea
  - B) Bay of Bengal
  - C) Rann of Kutch
  - D) Indian Ocean
  
- 4. Which of the following rivers is saline in nature?**
  - A) Banas
  - B) Luni
  - C) Chambal
  - D) Mahi
  
- 5. Which river is known as the “Vanishing River” because it disappears in the desert?**
  - A) Mahi
  - B) Luni
  - C) Banas
  - D) Gambhir
  
- 6. Which of the following is a left-bank tributary of the Chambal River?**
  - A) Parbati
  - B) Banas
  - C) Kothari
  - D) Morel
  
- 7. The Banas River originates from:**
  - A) Aravalli Hills
  - B) Mount Abu
  - C) Kumbhalgarh
  - D) Rana Pratap Sagar

**8.** Which river flows through Udaipur and joins the Banas?

- A) Berach river
- B) Mahi
- C) Chambal
- D) Kothari

**9.** Which river is called the 'lifeline of Kota'?

- A) Banas
- B) Chambal
- C) Parvati
- D) Mahi

**10.** Which river originates from Madhya Pradesh and enters Rajasthan near Banswara?

- A) Chambal
- B) Banas
- C) Mahi
- D) Luni

**11.** Which of the following rivers form the inland drainage system in Rajasthan?

- A) Chambal
- B) Banas
- C) Luni
- D) Mahi

**12.** How many major drainage systems are found in Rajasthan?

- A) 2
- B) 3
- C) 4
- D) 5

**13.** The Banas River basin is located in which region of Rajasthan?

- A) Eastern Plain
- B) South-Eastern Plateau
- C) Aravalli Hills
- D) Central Rajasthan

**14.** The Chambal River flows through how many districts in Rajasthan?

- A) 2
- B) 3
- C) 4
- D) 6

**15.** Which district is not part of the Luni Basin?

- A) Barmer
- B) Jodhpur

- C) Sirohi
- D) Kota

**16.** Which of the following is the largest inland salt lake in India?

- A) Pushkar Lake
- B) Sambhar Lake
- C) Didwana Lake
- D) Fategarh Lake

**17.** Which lake is located in the city of Udaipur?

- A) Pushkar
- B) Pichola
- C) Sambhar
- D) Kolayat

**18.** Pushkar Lake is associated with which river basin?

- A) Luni
- B) Banas
- C) Chambal
- D) Sabarmati

**19.** Which lake is considered sacred in Hinduism?

- A) Pichola
- B) Ana Sagar
- C) Pushkar
- D) Sambhar

**20.** Ana Sagar Lake is an artificial lake built by:

- A) Maharaja Ajmer Singh
- B) Anaji Chauhan
- C) Maharana Pratap
- D) Rao Jodha

**21.** Which is the largest dam in Rajasthan?

- A) Jawai Dam
- B) Mahi Bajaj Sagar Dam
- C) Rana Pratap Sagar Dam
- D) Bisalpur Dam

**22.** Rana Pratap Sagar Dam is built on which river?

- A) Chambal
- B) Banas
- C) Mahi
- D) Luni

**23.** Jawai Dam is located in which district?

- A) Udaipur
- B) Pali
- C) Sirohi
- D) Barmer

**24.** Bisalpur Dam is built on the:

- A) Banas River
- B) Chambal River
- C) Mahi River
- D) Sabarmati River

**25.** Which river is a part of Chambal Valley Project?

- A) Parvati
- B) Luni
- C) Banas
- D) Morel

**26.** The Indira Gandhi Canal mainly uses water from which river?

- A) Luni
- B) Chambal
- C) Sutlej
- D) Yamuna

**27.** Which of the following is NOT a tributary of the Chambal River?

- A) Parvati
- B) Kothari
- C) Kali Sindh
- D) Banas

**28.** Morel River is a tributary of:

- A) Banas
- B) Luni
- C) Mahi
- D) Sabarmati

**29.** Which river flows through the famous Badland topography in Rajasthan?

- A) Luni
- B) Chambal
- C) Banas
- D) Mahi

**30.** The river that joins the Arabian Sea after flowing through Rajasthan is:

- A) Mahi
- B) Luni

- C) Banas
- D) Chambal

**31.** Chambal River originates from:

- A) Aravalli Hills
- B) Vindhya Range
- C) Satpura Range
- D) Malwa Plateau

**32.** The general slope of rivers in Rajasthan is toward:

- A) East
- B) West
- C) North East
- D) South

**33.** Which is the only major river flowing westward from Rajasthan into Gujarat?

- A) Chambal
- B) Mahi
- C) Luni
- D) Sabarmati

**34.** The river that does not originate in Rajasthan is:

- A) Luni
- B) Banas
- C) Chambal
- D) Kothari

**35.** Sabarmati River touches which district of Rajasthan?

- A) Banswara
- B) Dungarpur
- C) Udaipur
- D) Sirohi

**36.** Which drainage pattern is most commonly found in Rajasthan?

- A) Dendritic
- B) Trellis
- C) Radial
- D) Parallel

**37.** The drainage pattern in Aravalli region is mostly:

- A) Radial
- B) Trellis
- C) Dendritic
- D) Rectangular

**38.** Luni River has what type of drainage system?

- A) Inland
- B) External
- C) Superimposed
- D) Disappearing

**39.** Which part of Rajasthan has endorheic basins (closed drainage)?

- A) Southern
- B) Eastern
- C) Western
- D) Northern

**40.** Which river has both surface and underground flow features?

- A) Banas
- B) Morel
- C) Luni
- D) Mahi

**41.** Kota is situated on the bank of which river?

- A) Banas
- B) Chambal
- C) Luni
- D) Mahi

**42.** Ajmer is near which lake?

- A) Pushkar
- B) Ana Sagar
- C) Sambhar
- D) Kaylana

**43.** Which city is situated near Sambhar Lake?

- A) Ajmer
- B) Jodhpur
- C) Jaipur
- D) Bikaner

**44.** Which district is known for multiple river confluences?

- A) Udaipur
- B) Bundi
- C) Sawai Madhopur
- D) Dungarpur

**45.** Udaipur is drained by which river system?

- A) Luni
- B) Ahar or Ayad

- C) Banas
- D) Sabarmati

**46.** Which project is Rajasthan's biggest canal system?

- A) Bisalpur Project
- B) Jawai Project
- C) Indira Gandhi Canal
- D) Mahi Bajaj Sagar Project

**47.** Ghaggar River is active during:

- A) Summer
- B) Winter
- C) Rainy Season
- D) Throughout the year

**48.** Which dam is built on the Mahi River?

- A) Rana Pratap Sagar
- B) Bisalpur
- C) Mahi Bajaj Sagar
- D) Jawai

**49.** Which river water is used for the Jawai Dam?

- A) Banas
- B) Luni
- C) Jawai River
- D) Som River

**50.** Water harvesting system in the desert is called:

- A) Pani Panchayat
- B) Kund
- C) Johad
- D) Both B & C

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**Answers:**

- 1. B
- 2. C
- 3. C
- 4. B
- 5. B
- 6. A
- 7. A
- 8. A
- 9. B
- 10. C

11. C
12. B
13. A
14. D
15. D
16. B
17. B
18. A
19. C
20. B
21. C
22. A
23. B
24. A
25. A
26. C
27. B
28. A
29. B
30. A
31. B
32. C
33. C
34. C
35. D
36. A
37. B
38. A
39. C
40. C
41. B
42. B
43. C
44. A
45. B
46. C
47. C
48. C
49. C
50. D