

RATIO N PROPORTION

1. A sum of money is to be distributed among P, Q, R, S in the proportion of 1 : 2 : 3: 4. If Q gets Rs. 100 more than P, what is S's share :
 (A) Rs. 600 (B) Rs. 300 (C) Rs. 400 (D) None

Sol. (C)

Let ratio constant is K

then Money of P= K

Money of Q = 2K

Money of R = 3K

Money of S = 4K

According to question

$$2K = K + 100 \Rightarrow K = 100$$

So, Share of S' = $4K = (4 \times 100) = 400$ **Ans.**

2. The fourth proportional to 6, 9, 24 is :

(A) 20

(B) 36

(C) 56

(D) 46

Sol. (B) $6 \times 36 = 9 \times 24$

3. If $3(X' \text{ capital}) = 5(Y' \text{ capital}) = 7(Z' \text{ capital})$, then the ratio of their capitals is :

(A) 3 : 4 : 5

(B) 6 : 8 : 10

(C) 12 : 15 : 20

(D) 35: 21 : 15

Sol. (D)

X's Capital = K/3

Y's Capital = K/5

and Z's Capital = K/7

So, RATIO = 35:21:15

4. If Rs. 519 be divided into three parts, proportional to $1/3 : 3/5 : 5/7$ then the first part is :

(A) Rs. 105

(B) Rs. 195

(C) Rs. 186

(D) Rs. 205

Sol. (A)

Let ratio constant = K

then first part = $K/3$

second part = $3K/5$

and Third part = $5K/7$

NOW ratio is 35:63:75, so first part is $(35/173) \times 519 = 105$

5. Two numbers are in the ratio 3 : 7. If 9 is added to both, their ratio changes to 1 : 2. The smallest number is :

(A) 21

(B) 25

(C) 27

(D) 32

Sol. (C)

Let the ratio constant = K

Then first number = 3K and second number = 7K

According to question

$$3k+9 / 7k+9 = 1/2 \Rightarrow 6K + 18 = 7K + 9$$

$$\Rightarrow K = 9$$

Greatest Number = $3K = 3 \times 9 = 27$ **Ans.**

6. If $P : Q = 3 : 4$, $Q : R = 8 : 9$, $R : S = 15 : 16$, then $P : Q : R : S$ is :
 (A) $30 : 40 : 45 : 48$ (B) $30 : 40 : 48 : 45$ (C) $40 : 30 : 45 : 48$ (D) $30 : 48 : 45 : 40$

Sol. (A)

If $P : Q = 3 : 4$, $Q : R = 8 : 9$, $R : S = 15 : 16$

So $P : Q = 30 : 40$, $Q : R = 40 : 45$, $R : S = 45 : 48$

Then $P : Q : R : S = 30 : 40 : 45 : 48$ **Ans.**

7. A can of Paint was $\frac{3}{4}$ full. When two bottles of paint is poured into it, it is $\frac{4}{5}$ full. Find the number of bottles of paint that the full can can hold :
 (A) 20 (B) 15 (C) 40 (D) 30

Sol. (C)

According to question

$$\frac{3}{4}F + 2b = \frac{4}{5}F$$

8. The ratio of a and b from the equation $12a^2 + 35b^2 - 43ab = 0$ is:
 (A) $7 : 3$ or $5 : 4$ (B) $3 : 7$ or $4 : 5$ (C) $7 : 5$ or $3 : 4$ (D) $5 : 7$ or $4 : 3$

Sol. (A)

$$12a^2 + 35b^2 - 43ab = 0$$

$$b^2 \left[12 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right)^2 + 35 - 43 \left(\frac{a}{b} \right) \right] = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Here let } \frac{a}{b} = K$$

$$\text{then } 12K^2 + 35 - 43K = 0 \quad (b \neq 0)$$

$$12K^2 + 35 - 43K = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 4K(3K - 7) - 5(3K - 7) = 0$$

$$(3K - 7)(4K - 5) = 0$$

$$K = \frac{7}{3} \text{ or } \frac{5}{4}$$

9. If $A : B : C = 2 : 3 : 5$ then $\frac{A}{B} : \frac{B}{C} : \frac{C}{A}$ is equal to :
 (A) $20 : 18 : 75$ (B) $30 : 40 : 48$ (C) $40 : 30 : 45$ (D) $30 : 48 : 45$

Sol.(A)

Sol. If $A : B : C = 2 : 3 : 5$

$$\text{then } \frac{A}{B} : \frac{B}{C} : \frac{C}{A} = \frac{2}{3} : \frac{3}{5} : \frac{5}{2} = 2k/3k : 3k/5k : 5k/2k$$

Take L.C.M. of 3, 5, 2 = 30

$$= \frac{2}{3} \times 30 : \frac{3}{5} \times 30 : \frac{5}{2} \times 30 = 20 : 18 : 75 \quad \text{Ans.}$$

10. If $15a=24b=32c$ then $a:b:c$ is equal to :

(A) $32 : 20 : 15$

(B) $30 : 40 : 48$

(C) $40 : 30 : 45$

(D) $30 : 48 : 45$

Sol.(A)

$a:b=8:5$ and $b:c=4:3$ so $a:b:c=32:20:15$